

Ilość punktów:/50

Imię i nazwisko:

Szkoła:

POWIATOWY KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO
luty 2009

Zadanie 1 - Test leksykalno-gramatyczny

A. Wybierz przymiotnik najlepiej opisujący każdą z osób. (9 punktów)

*** cheerful * dishonest * honest * lazy * absent-minded * patient * quarrelsome * talkative * tolerant ***

1. Walter likes people of all races, nationalities and religions. He has nothing against homosexuals or other minorities. He is
2. Serge does not like hard work. He gets up late and spends most of his day sitting about and relaxing. He is
3. Olivia is happy and optimistic. She is
4. Abigail never lies or cheats. When she found a wallet last week, she gave it back to its owner, although it was full of money. She is
5. Harry is not always truthful and he cheats sometimes. He is
6. Deborah always argues with everybody. She is
7. Inga loves telling stories and chatting. She feels miserable if she has to be quiet for more than a couple of minutes. She is
8. Mia calmly answers the hundreds of questions her sons ask her every day. She does not get upset if she has to wait in a long queue or do something over and over again. She is
9. John rarely listens to what people are saying, because he is thinking about something else. He often forgets things. He is

B. Dokonaj parafrazy zdań nie zmieniając ich znaczenia. (10 punktów)

1. Is your uncle the owner of this Rolls Royce?

..... **belong**?

2. After I had introduced my guests to each other I made a long speech on the current changes in the computer technologies.

Having

3. Why didn't they tell us they were going to sell their house?

I wish

4. George won't lend his tape recorder to you if you don't promise to bring it back by Saturday.

..... **unless**

5. Jerry had terrible problems with solving the riddle.

..... **hardly**

6. There has been criticism of the new concept among our representatives.

..... **critical**

7. It doesn't make any difference if they paint the board white or yellow.

..... **matter**

8. Finally, the new prime minister has been appointed.

..... **last**

9. I haven't visited Oslo since 1978.

The last time

10. Mrs Arnold will take care of our cat when we are away.

..... **after**

C. Utwórz właściwą formę od słów podanych w nawiasie i wstaw ją we wskazanym miejscu w zdaniu. (15 punktów)

1. The low (ATTEND) at the concert was a result of the organizers' carelessness about giving it a more extensive publicity.

2. Another attempt to establish a (LAST) peace has failed after one of the negotiators refused to sign the treaty.

3. The whole new situation is more than (ADVANTAGE) to all the investors. Definitely, it is a chance not to miss.

4. Besides innumerable human victims, the tornado has caused enormous (DESTROY) to the buildings in the area.

5. A sudden (GROW) in food prices will certainly bring about violent protests from the population.

6. Let's stop quarrelling about such (RELEVANT) details. It doesn't matter what we take first, the soup or the second course.
7. The number of nails Harry had bought at the ironmongers' wasn't (SUFFICE) and we had to borrow a few from our neighbour.
8. (OBEY) at this school is severely punished, so remember to mind your manners both during the lectures and outside the classroom.
9. Some people claim that the microprocessor is the greatest (INVENT) of the 20th century.
10. The actors received a (STAND) ovation from the enthusiastic audience for their brilliant performance in 'Othello'.
11. Without the congressmen's (VALUE) help we would never have gathered enough money for our son's operation.
12. It's (USE) trying to reach the village on foot. The only possible way of getting there is by helicopter.
13. Jack's initial (EXCITE) at taking part in the competition died down after he had learned about the extra costs he would have had to cover.
14. The (PLEASE) of spending holidays in the countryside consists in breathing fresh air and being in harmony with nature.
15. You'd better ask Frank, I'm not in (POSSESS) of the manual you are looking for.

D. Wstaw poprawną formę czasownika. (7 punktów)

1. Yesterday, Eric (*find*) a gold ring in the grass.
2. When he (*change*) the wheel on the roadside she was waiting in the cafe.
3. When he stayed in England he (*can*) speak English very well.
4. The doctor says that you (*be*) all right in a week.
5. Patrick never (*open*) the window in his room.
6. Who (*use*) my typewriter? It is out of order now.
7. Until last winter I (*never see*) snow in December.

E. Wybierz prawidłową odpowiedź. (6 punktów)

1. It is very important that blind children are taught to Braille.

- a) read b) read in c) read with

2. I have never talked to her. I only know her sight.

- a) by b) from c) on

3. Do you wear glasses or contact ?

- a) glasses b) spectacles c) lenses

4. I didn't hear what he said but I could read

- a) his lips b) from his lips c) lips

5. This foundation helps people who are and dumb.

- a) deafing b) deaf c) silent

6. I did not like the pudding - it was completely

- a) tasteful b) tasteless c) tasteproof

Zadanie 2 - Rozumienie tekstu czytanego

Przeczytaj poniższy tekst, a następnie wybierz poprawną odpowiedź. (3 punkty)

The first tourist in space

An American businessman and millionaire called Mr Dennis Tito became the world's first space tourist. He paid the Russians \$20 million to be a passenger on board a Soyuz supply ship mission to the International Space Station, Alpha. The rocket blasted-off from the Baikonur cosmodrome in Kazakhstan in 2001 for a nine-day trip to Alpha. Mr Tito was flying with two veteran Russian cosmonauts when he became the first paying space traveller.

For 60-year-old Tito, the trip was a dream come true. He has spent most of his life trying to get on a space ship. He started his career as a rocket engineer in the 1960's and he worked on unmanned trips to Mars. Later, he worked for the NASA for five years but was turned down as an astronaut.

Russians space officials had originally sold Tito a ticket to MIR. But this suddenly became impossible when they decided to destroy the ageing space station because it had become unsafe. Instead, they offered Tito a seat on a Soyuz flight to Alpha. At first, the other partners, including the NASA objected to Tito's presence on board Alpha. They said that he would be a safety risk. They finally reached a last minute agreement, but they insisted that Tito signed a contract relieving all space agencies of responsibilities in case he had an accident. He also signed an agreement saying that he would pay for any damages he caused.

For the Russians, however, it is extremely important because the 20 million dollars was badly needed to help pay for the cost of their space programme. It seems unlikely that they will refuse similar offers in the future. Many people believe that space tourism is likely to develop in the future. They say that more and more people will visit space in the next twenty years. By accepting paying passengers on space flights, countries will be able to finance part of the cost of their space programmes.

There are already private companies which are designing tourist space stations and planning future trips. Over one thousand people have put their name down on a waiting list for a trip to the moon.

1. Dennis Tito:

- a) went on a space ship in the 1960's
- b) wanted to be an astronaut when he was younger
- c) dreamed that he went into space

2. NASA:

- a) wanted Mr Tito to go to the MIR space station
- b) welcomed Mr Tito on to Alpha
- c) thought that having Mr Tito on the flight would be dangerous

3. The Russians:

- a) needed Mr Tito's money
- b) are designing a space station for tourists
- c) will take 1000 people to the moon in the next 20 years

THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST.
THANK YOU.

POWIATOWY KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

luty 2009

ANSWER KEY

Zad. 1

A.

1. tolerant
2. lazy
3. cheerful
4. honest
5. dishonest
6. quarrelsome
7. talkative
8. patient
9. absent-minded

B.

1. Does this Rolls Royce belong to your uncle?
2. Having introduced my guests to each other, I made a long speech on the current changes in the computer technologies.
3. I wish they had told us they were going to sell their house.
4. George won't lend his tape recorder to you unless you promise to bring it back by Saturday.
5. Jerry could hardly solve the riddle.
6. Our representatives have been critical of the new concept.
7. It doesn't matter whether they paint the board white or yellow.
8. The new prime minister has been appointed at last.
9. The last time I visited Oslo was in 1978.
10. Mrs Arnold will look after our cat when we are away.

C.

1. attendance
2. lasting
3. advantageous
4. destruction
5. growth
6. irrelevant
7. sufficient
8. Disobedience
9. invention
10. standing

11. (in)valuable
12. useless
13. excitement
14. pleasure
15. possession

D.

1. found
2. was changing
3. could
4. will be
5. opens
6. has been using
7. had never seen

E.

1. a
2. a
3. c
4. a
5. b
6. b

Zad. 2

1. b
2. c
3. a